2021 JUN 22 AM 7: 30



2020 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confide	nce Report (CCR)	
Suffer Water Service	e - Magnolic System Name	2 Spring
1	1271	
List PWS ID #s for all Community W	ater Systems included in this CCR	
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Communic Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provide procedures when distributing the CCR.	population served by the PWS, this CCR r	must be mailed or delivered to
CCR DISTRIBUTION (Che	eck all boxes that apply.)	
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, wat	er bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)		
□ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)		
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below)		
□ Other		
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, water b	ill or other)	DATE ISSUED
Distributed via U. S. Postal Mail		6-21-2021
□ Distributed via E-Mail as a URL (Provide Direct URL):		
Distributed via E-Mail as an attachment		6-21-2021
□ Distributed via E-Mail as text within the body of email message		
$\hfill\Box$ Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or $\hfill\Box$	proof of publication)	
□ Posted in public places (attach list of locations)		
□ Posted online at the following address (Provide Direct URL):)
I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the custome above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring da Water Supply. Name TERYL B- Anthon Y	ers of this public water system in the formation in the formation in the formation in the provided to the PWS officials by the perator of the provided to the	ncluded in this CCR is true e MSDH, Bureau of Public
SUBMISSION OPTIONS (S	Select one method ONLY)	
You must email, fax (not preferred), or mail a co	opy of the CCR and Certification to	the MSDH.
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215	Fax: (601) 576-7800 (N	OT PREFERRED)

Sutter Water Service- Magnolia Springs PWS ID#MS0240271

Year 2020 Drinking Water Report

Is my water safe?

We are pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). This report is designed to provide details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791).

Where does my water come from?

Your water comes from a deep water well from the Aquifer: Miocene system approximately 580 feet below the ground surface.

Source water assessment and its availability

Our source water assessment has been completed and is available upon request. Our well ranked MODERATE as to its susceptibility to contamination. All correspondence and records are available at customer's request.

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Year 2020 Drinking Water Report

Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity:

microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses; organic Chemical Contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems; and radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

How can I get involved?

Our office is located at 396 Clark Avenue in Pass Christian. Our phone number is 228-452-2031. Please call with any questions you may have.

Description of Water Treatment Process

Your water is treated by disinfection. Disinfection involves the addition of chlorine or other disinfectant to kill dangerous bacteria and microorganisms that may be in the water. Disinfection is considered to be one of the major public health advances of the 20th century.

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Year 2020 Drinking Water Report

Water Conservation Tips

Did you know that the average U.S. household uses approximately 400 gallons of water per day or 100 gallons per person per day? Luckily, there are many low-cost and no-cost ways to conserve water. Small changes can make a big difference - try one today and soon it will become second nature.

- Take short showers a 5 minute shower uses 4 to 5 gallons of water compared to up to 50 gallons for a bath.
- Shut off water while brushing your teeth, washing your hair and shaving and save up to 500 gallons a month.
- Use a water-efficient showerhead. They're inexpensive, easy to install, and can save you up to 750 gallons a month.
- Run your clothes washer and dishwasher only when they are full. You can save up to 1,000 gallons a month.
- Water plants only when necessary.
- Fix leaky toilets and faucets. Faucet washers are inexpensive and take only a few minutes to replace. To check your toilet for a leak, place a few drops of food coloring in the tank and wait. If it seeps into the toilet bowl without flushing, you have a leak. Fixing it or replacing it with a new, more efficient model can save up to 1,000 gallons a month.
- Adjust sprinklers so only your lawn is watered. Apply water only as fast as the soil can absorb it and during the cooler parts of the day to reduce evaporation.
- Teach your kids about water conservation to ensure a future generation that uses water wisely. Make it a family effort to reduce next month's water bill!
- Visit <u>www.epa.gov/watersense</u> for more information.

Source Water Protection Tips

Protection of drinking water is everyone's responsibility. You can help protect your community's drinking water source in several ways:

- Eliminate excess use of lawn and garden fertilizers and pesticides they contain hazardous chemicals that can reach your drinking water source.
- Pick up after your pets.
- If you have your own septic system, properly maintain your system to reduce leaching to water sources or consider connecting to a public water system.

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Drinking Water Report

- Dispose of chemicals properly; take used motor oil to a recycling center.
- Volunteer in your community. Find a watershed or wellhead protection organization in your community and volunteer to help. If there are no active groups, consider starting one. Use EPA's Adopt Your Watershed to locate groups in your community, or visit the Watershed Information Network's How to Start a Watershed Team.
- Organize a storm drain stenciling project with your local government or water supplier.
 Stencil a message next to the street drain reminding people "Dump No Waste Drains to River" or "Protect Your Water." Produce and distribute a flyer for households to remind residents that storm drains dump directly into your local water body.

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Sutter Water Service- Magnolia Springs- PWS ID#MS0240271 is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Water Quality Data Table

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. Although many more contaminants were tested, only those substances listed below were found in your water. All sources of drinking water contain some naturally occurring contaminants. At low levels, these substances are generally not harmful in our drinking water. Removing all contaminants would be extremely expensive, and in most cases, would not provide increased protection of public health. A few naturally occurring minerals may actually improve the taste of drinking water and have nutritional value at low levels. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not vary significantly from year to year, or the system is

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not considered vulnerable to this type of contamination. As such, some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old. In this table you will find terms and abbreviations that might not be familiar to you. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the definitions below the table.

Contaminants MRDLG MRDL Water Low High Date Violation Typical Source Disinfectants & Disinfection By-Products (There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants) Chlorine (as Cl2)		MCLG	Charles and him to be		Range				711
Chlorine (as C12) (ppm) 4 4 1.9 1.4 2.1 2020 No Water additive used to control (ppm) NA 80 15.4 NA 2018 No By-product of drinking water (chlorination) Thibas [Total Trihalomethanes] (ppb) NA 80 15.4 NA 2018 No By-product of drinking water (chlorination) Inorganic Contaminants Chromium (ppb) 100 100 1.8 .8 1.8 2018 No Discharge from metal refineries; Fluoride (ppm) 4 4 6.09 .142 .609 2018 No Brown fertilizer and aluminum factories Radioactive Contaminants Ethylbenzene (ppb) 700 700 .926 .507 .926 2019 No Discharge from petroleum refineries Explain (ppm) 10 10 .0056 .0053 .0056 2020 No Discharge from petroleum factories; Discharge from factori	- Contaminants	or MRDLG					Sample Date		Typical Source
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(ppm) fertilizer factories; Discharge from	Xylenes (ppm)	10	10	.0056	.0053	.0056	2020	No	factories; Discharge from
		NA	0.2	0.021	NA	0.021	2018	No	fertilizer factories; Discharge from
	Contaminants	MCLG A			Control in the Control	xceedii AL	The second second	Continued of the last of the section of the	Typical Sourcess
Contaminants MCLG AL Water Date AL Typical Source	Inorganic Contamina								

Sutter Water Service- Magnolia Springs PWS ID#MS0240271

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Contaminants	MCLG			Sample Date	# Samples Exceeding AL	F-xceeds AL	Typical Source
Copper - action level at consumer taps (ppm)	1,3	1.3	0.0	2019	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Inorganic Contamina	ints				1/ 6		
Lead - action level at consumer taps(ppb	0	15	0.000	2019	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.

Contaminants	MCL G	AL	Your Water	Sampl e Date	# Samples Exceeding AL	Exceeds Al.	Typical Source
Sodium	NA	120	120	2019	0	No	Erosion of natural deposits

Term	Definition
ug/L	ug/L: Number of micrograms of substance in one liter of water
ppm	ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)
ppb	ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (μg/L)
NA	NA: not applicable
ND	ND; Not detected

Sutter Water Service- Magnolia Springs PWS ID#MS0240271

Year 2020 Drinking Water Report

NR	NR: Monitoring not required, but recommended.

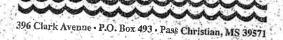
Term	Definition
MCLG	MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
MCL	MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
TT	TT: Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
AL	AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
Variances and Exemptions	Variances and Exemptions: State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.
MRDLG	MRDLG: Maximum residual disinfection level goal. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
MRDL	MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
MNR	MNR: Monitored Not Regulated
MPL	MPL: State Assigned Maximum Permissible Level

For more information please contact:

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Address: 396 Clark Avenue- P.O. BOX 493

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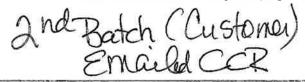


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Sutter Water Service- Magnolia Springs CCR PWS ID#MS0240271

1 message

WPSCO-SWS <ms811locates@yahoo.com>

Mon. Jun 21, 2021 at 1:17 PM

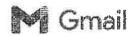
To: tjoelleenanderson@gmail.com, pbai897w@gmail.com, gingergirlofmine@aol.com, toniablshop@hotmail.com, shirettab@gmail.com, LakkishaBurnett@gmail.com, Iilcm19@gmail.com, carriecole02@gmail.com, jeffersoncook@cableone.net, romeebarnes@gmail.com, michaeldeangelo2004@yahoo.com, me35729@aol.com, grantanddanica@gmail.com, jafaucha13@gmail.com, zochna1@aol.com, egoforth@gmail.com, lladner@gcc-fcu.com, tilusn@yahoo.com, maria_treadaway@yahoo.com, christine.mahand@gmail.com, corrinewshugart@aol.com, plhquilting62@gmail.com, crisplusthree@gmail.com, damarisnsk@gmail.com, chris.saslo@gmail.com, stephen.smith962@yahoo.com, tiprn1@gmail.com, shawnfspencer@yahoo.com, stallworthjaleesa@gmail.com, nsyjmt76@gmail.com, eulicewhite@gmail.com, djantwoods@yahoo.com, yb1286@gmail.com, derrick,arringtoncb@yahoo.com, blake.babin@pm.me, fcc2@msstate.edu, jackies1094@aol.com, jp263@hotmail.com, scurwen13@gmail.com, notquitethere@att.net, deesjarvis@yahoo.com, hfernandez1318@yahoo.com, buffygrlpwr@hotmail.com, preciousfuzzone@gmail.com, lamaxx7777@gmail.com, lauren.n.beeson@gmail.com, archuletaprayer@gmail.com, grossfrank121@yahoo.com, ron.john1026@gmail.com, shanaljm@gmail.com, stephlaiken@gmail.com, dcleffingwell@hotmail.com, mattloomis@aol.com, v maysonet@yahoo.com, bemccabe10@gmail.com, Shanell.McNeil.sm@gmail.com, eveiyn.mcqueen@outlook.com, Pedro E Mendez <pemendez@valdosta.edu>, kylegmiller@gmail.com, Ernkat0311@yahoo.com, honeybee111789@gmail.com, tyjorr2@gmail.com, peimbert7@hotmail.com, carolynmpeters@aol.com, clair.grady@gmail.com, bamafan88@att.net, mayelin21@gmail.com, ramquadblue55@yahoo.com, jesmith520@gmail.com, cerisemacdonald@gmail.com, terryusn@yahoo.com, hannah.herman93@yahoo.com, tazztel@aol.com, jajme.umberger17@gmail.com, walterkate25@gmail.com, shamarimitchell92@yahoo.com, valmac3@yahoo.com, lbjb33@gmail.com, stephaniebecton@gmail.com, elizabeth.bonds97@yahoo.com, dbourque30@gmail.com, laura.c.brown@usm.edu, katie.allen2563@gmail.com, kaylamcdaniel14@gmail.com, alysha.dillon@yahoo.com, icdunntech@yahoo.com. ashtonfore@gmail.com, afrazer2006@yahoo.com, gallowayy@bellsouth.net, mattgarriga2008@hotmail.com, anna.n.hansen@gmail.com, reginald.hinton@gmail.com, shakey_842002@yahoo.com, cmorelli_81@yahoo.com, solsen2186@gmail.com, shawnowens@outlook.com, rodeo626@yahoo.com, phillipp04@yahoo.com, ilprice2013@yahoo.com, joeandkai@yahoo.com, Tamar_godsgift@yahoo.com, robricks86@gmail.com, nchess@aol.com, klangworthy07@gmail.com, larry.1942@live.com, pdkstclair@sbcglobal.net Cc: Sutter <sutterwater@gmail.com>

Dear Customer:

Attached is a copy of the 2020 Consumer Confidence Report for Sutter/Magnolia Springs. As required by the Mississippi State Department of Health, this report informs and educates our customers about the quality of water provided by our water system. Please call us if you have any questions.

Thank you, SUTTER WATER SERVICE, LLC (228) 452-2031

Magnolia Sprgs 2020 CCR.pdf





Sutter Water Service- Magnolia Springs CCR PWS ID#MS0240271

1 message

WPSCO-SWS <ms811locates@yahoo.com>

Mon, Jun 21, 2021 at 1:36 PM

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Dear Customer:

Attached is a copy of the 2020 Consumer Confidence Report for Sutter/Magnolia Springs. As required by the Mississippi State Department of Health, this report informs and educates our customers about the quality of water provided by our water system. Please call us if you have any questions.

Thank you. SUTTER WATER SERVICE, LLC (228) 452-2031

Magnolia Sprgs 2020 CCR.pdf 637K

SUTTER WATER SERVICE, LLC PO BOX 493 (396 Clark Avenue) PASS CHRISTIAN, MS 39571 Phone (228) 452-2031 FAX (228) 452-4313

June 21, 2021

Re: Sutter Water Service—Magnolia Springs PWS ID # MS0240271

Enclosed you will find a copy of Sutter Water Service/Magnolia Springs' 2020 Consumer Confidence Report, required by the Mississippi State Department of Health. This report informs and educates our customers about the quality of water provided by our water system.

Please call the contact number on the enclosed report if you have any questions.

Thank you,

Teryl Anthony
Secretary-Treasurer/Water Operator